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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/532,348	07/20/2005	Sitke Aygen	P70555US0	1732
JACOBSON HOLMAN PLLC 400 SEVENTH STREET N.W.			EXAMINER	
			NATNITHITHADHA, NAVIN	
SUITE 600 WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3735	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/09/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

#### Application No. Applicant(s) AYGEN, SITKE 10/532,348 Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit NAVIN NATNITHITHADHA 3735 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period fo	or Reply
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  THE COMMUNICATION CONTROL OF THE FORM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  THE FORM THE FORM THE MAILING THE FORM THE MAILING THE FORM THE
Status	
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 January 2009</u> .
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposit	ion of Claims
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the application.
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are rejected.
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Applicat	ion Papers
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 April 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119
12)🛛	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
Attachmen	t(s)
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

1)	Notice of References Cited (F10-692)
2)	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
21	Information Planton on Cintum anti- (DTP/OS/99)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.

4)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date
	Notice of Informal Patent Applic
6)	Other:

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20090304

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## DETAILED ACTION

#### Response to Amendment

 According to the Amendment, filed 02 January 2009, the status of the claims is as follows: Claims 1 and 2 are currently amended.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, pp. 3-5, filed 02 January 2009, with respect
to the rejection of claims 1 and 2 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by
Ghoos, GB 2360845 A ("Ghoos"), have been fully considered, but are moot in view of
the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. As to claims 1 and 2, it is not clear how Applicant's method, as described in the originally filed specification, dispenses with body-related conversion factors.

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## Claim Objections

4. Claims 1 and 2 are objected to because of the following informalities: It is not clear what the steps of the method are. Appropriate correction is required. For example, a proper, clear method step would be "A method for determining gastric emptying of a patient, comprising: orally administering a test substance; measuring said test substance's dwelling time in a stomach of patient:..."

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as being directed to non-statutory subject matter because these are method or process claims that do not transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing, nor are they tied to another statutory class (such as a particular machine). See Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981) (quoting Benson, 409 U.S. at 70); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978) (citing Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876)). See also In re Comiskey, 499 F.3d 1365, 1376 (Fed. Cir. 2007) (request for rehearing en banc pending).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 35 ((a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

 Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ben-Oren et al, U.S. Patent No. 7,338,444 B2 ("Ben-Oren").

Claim 1: Ben-Oren teaches the following:

a method for determining the gastric emptying by orally administering a test substance and measuring its dwelling time in the stomach (see Abstract), characterized in that increase of <sup>13</sup>CO2 in the exhaled respiratory air is determined before and after the oral administration of free <sup>13</sup>C-octanoic acid in a form bound to egg yolk together with a standardized test meal (see col. 3, I. 57, to col. 4, I. 51, and col. 19, II. 61-67), wherein body-related conversion factors are dispensed with, and characterized in that said test meal consists of a fried egg into which the free <sup>13</sup>C-octanoic acid is stirred (see col. 19, II. 61-67).

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ben-Oren, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Ghoos, GB 2360845 A ("Ghoos").
- Claim 2: Ben-Oren teaches all the limitations of claim 1 as discussed above. Ben-Oren does not teach "whereupon said test meal is eaten together with a slice of toasting bread, 5 to 10 g of margarine or butter, followed by drinking 150 ml of water or coffee".

However, Ghoos teaches the following:

a method for determining the gastric emptying by orally administering a test substance and measuring its dwelling time in the stomach (see Abstract), characterized in that the increase of 13002 in the exhaled respiratory air is determined before and after the oral administration of free 13C-octanoic acid in a form bound to egg yolk together with a standardized test meal (see p. 6), whereupon said test meal is eaten together with a slice of toasting bread, 5 to 10 g of margarine or butter, followed by drinking 150 ml of water or coffee (see p. 6).

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Ben-Oren's test meal to have the test meal taught by Ghoos because Ghoos' test meal, which Art Unit: 3735

considered a standardized test meal in the prior art, is within the scope of Ben-Oren's parameters for a test meal (see Ben-Oren, col. 4, II, 20-44).

#### Conclusion

 The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The other patents cited in the PTO-892 teach subject matter related to the Applicant's claims. The Examiner suggests reviewing these patents before responding to the present Office Action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
examiner should be directed to NAVIN NATNITHITHADHA whose telephone number is
(571)272-4732. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 am 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Marmor, II can be reached on (571) 272-4730. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Navin Natnithithadha/ Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3735 03/03/2009